

Abstract form

- Although thought to be a relatively uncommon condition, potentially one third of all breast cancers are diagnosed among premenopausal women. Breast cancers diagnosed at a younger age harbor aggressive clinicopathologic features and, more recently, have been recognized as a unique biologic entity. Special considerations, including infertility, pregnancy, bone health, genetic syndromes, and psychosocial issues must be addressed when developing treatment algorithms, including local therapies and adjuvant chemotherapeutic/endocrine strategies, among young women diagnosed with breast cancer.
- Finally, younger age at breast cancer diagnosis confers an inferior prognosis when compared to older women, illustrating the need for biologically driven clinical trials devoted specifically to the former population, with the overall goal of improving survival

Questions

1-Breast cancer in young age

- A- Usually triple negative
- B- Has better prognosis
- C- Responds well to hormonal treatment
- D- Conservative surgery is contraindicated as it decreases survival

2- risk factors for breast cancer in young age include the following except

- A- High fat intake
- B- Recent child bearing
- C- Positive family history
- D- Cigarette smoking

The correct answers are

1 A

2 D